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The SUNDAY DISPATCH at \$1.50 per annum: or 75c, for six months.
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WEST-END OFFICE PARK PLACE
PHARMACY, BELVIDERE AND MAIN

MANCHESTER OFFICE, 1203 HULL STREET.

FRIDAY.APRIL 10, 1896.

THIS PAPER RECEIVES THE COM-BINED TELEGRAPHIC-NEWS SER-VICE OF THE SOUTHERN ASSOCIA-TED PRESS AND THE UNITED

LAMB'S CONFIDENTIAL LETTER.

We have not allowed ourselves to be come excited over the contest in the Republican ranks in this State, which has en raging for some weeks between the adherents of Colonel Lamb, of the first part, and the friends and supporters of Allan and Waddill, of the second part, but we must say that it is now getting to be decidedly interesting to us.

A "confidential" letter has been published, which it is alleged that wrote to a county chairman, in which he asked the chair-"how much it would take to control" the chairman's county for delegates who would "sustain" Lamb at Staunton and who would aid in sending unpledged delegates to St. Louis.

This how-much-will-it-take letter Lamb's is likely to be heard of a good deal during the next few weeks. If it be a genuine document it exhibits Lamb as a much less astute politician than the Virginia public has heretofore given him the credit of being. Such a letter as this one would think could only have come from a very unwary politician.

Republican chairmen in this and other Southern States are used to spending money to "control" delegations; but, as a rule, they do not put their propositions in writing. Their custom is to put the money into the hands of a supposed "trusty" lieutenant, and charge this lieutenant with the duty of "controlling" 'his or that county. To be sure, the usty lieutenant usually incurs heavy

'expenses," and it is rare that much money reaches the voter; but, uncertain that system is, it is safer than this which Lamb has introduced.

To see in print a letter from Chairman Lamb asking a henchman of his, "How much would it take to control" such and such a county looks ugly. We cannot well believe that the average Republican voter will be shocked at the suggestion that he is to receive a small dividend from headquarters; but what wi surely shock him is to see how recklessly Lamb writes about using money to "con trol" elections.

Here we have the head of the great "honest elections" party in Virginia wishing to know "how much would it take to control" such and such a county, &c. It is another "blocks of five" game, with this difference, that this game is to be played, upon the Republicans; whereas Dudley's game was to be played upon Democrats. But we make bold to maintain that if Chairman Lamb went into the "how-much" business against his party friends he would not be apt to spare us Democrats if occasion to "control" us offered. The publication of Lamb's letter not only destroys his reputation for political "smartness," but discloses him as a hard-pressed leader.

It looks as though he felt uncertain of re-election as chairman of the party and member from Virginia of the National Republican Committee.

In the light of this letter the meeting of the State Republican Convention at Staunton will excite general interest, for it seems that Chairman Lamb has not only put his money on the losing horse in the presidential race; but what is infinitely worse for him, has put into the hands of his enemies a letter which it will take the Chairman about seven days in the week to explain.

The Dispatch has no special interest in the internal affairs of the Republican party, but we are bound to keep an eye upon passing events, and we think we know a good thing when we see it, and we think this "how much" letter is a pretty good thing to emanate from the head of the "honest elections" party in Virginia!

THE METRIC SYSTEM.

We have had occasion several times to say that, because a man favored the decimal system, it did not follow that he must favor a double-decimal system. The House of Representatives seemed to take the same view of the question on Wednesday, as it spent two hours in rollcalls on questions relating to the bill to make the metric system the legal sys tem of weights and measures in country after January 1, 1901, and finally committed the bill to the Committee Coinage, Weights and Measures.

We take it that the metrical system will not be adopted by the present Congress. It is one thing to have a metrical system of money, as we have in the United States, and another thing to have oth the thing measured and the money wherewith it is measured made a legal requirement. The decimal system gives our people coins convenient for everyday use; but it does not follow that a decimal system applied to cloth, corn. wheat, buts, clothing, &c., &c., is desira-Let our congressmen ponder this subject. The people are not yet ready

for a change of their weights and measures, nor even to vote upon the ques-

Congressman Otey, of Virginia, made good speech on this subject on Wednesday last in the House of Representatives. He arrayed the objections to the bill to make the metric system the lawful system of coins, weights, and measures in this country. We are glad to find practical men coming up with right views, and making known their objections to a system of coins, weights, and measures which would long ago have been the established system of the United States if it had possessed one half the merits claimed for it. We have no objection to coins based upon the metric system, but as at present advised, we do not favor the double-decimal system-that is, the decimal system applied to other articles than money.

MR. TURPIE ON CUBA.

The passage by the two houses of Con gress of the report of the conference committees did not remove disturbing question from the Sen-Wednesday last Mr. Turate. On pie, of Indiana, made a scorching speech, commenting particularly upon Senator Sherman and Senator Lodge. The speech was made in support of the joint resolutions introduced on the 1st instant by Mr. Call, of Florida, proposing intervention in the war or "rebellion" now being prosecuted in Cuba.

Mr. Turple, after a proper introduction and after making some general remarks of a sarcastic nature, went on to say that the Netherlands had been lost to Spair and Cuba would be lost to Spain. 'Nay," he exclaimed, "Cuba is lost to Spain, irrevocably lost. There is no more chance on the face of things to-day for the re-establishment of the Spanish Government in the island of Cuba than there is for the re-establishment of the French domain in San Domingo." He added that the Cuban republic was an organized body; that it had a country; that it had maintained war for twelve years, and that it had earned for itself the right and title to recognition as a beiligerent power. Here Mr. Turple spoke very appropriately of the speech of the Earl of Chatham to the British Parliament in defence of the American Colonies, and quoted from that speech as fol "My lords, you cannot conquer lows: America. You may raise armies; you may make campaigns; you may even win battles; but you can never subdue the spirit of liberty in that people."

Mr. Turple was not speaking for bun combe, but giving utterance to his honest and deep-seated convictions. He voiced the opinions of the people of the United States as these were expressed in the House of Representatives on last in the vote cast Monday on the report of the conference committee on the Cuban question The vote was yeas, 245; nays, It was so large an affirmative vote that the people of the United States will look upon it as a vote representing correctly the seventy millions of people of this country.

Let the people of the United States ponder the questions involved in this Cuban matter, and they will learn that antiquated international law is quoted in the American Congress as superior to the rights of man, or if this be too harsh a phrase, that the laws of nations are quoted there as superior to the laws of the insurgents in Cuba, these "insur gents" so-called being the people who claim to constitute the republic of Cuba. The Monroe doctrine is not acknowledged in its fulness by all of our con gressmen, but the vote of last Monday may be accepted as very "significant."

TURKEY AND MISSIONARIES. London advices announce that England

is very much stirred up over the proposed expulsion from Asia Minor of the mis sionaries. But what is England going to do about it? That's the question that exercises the civilized world. Time was when a stirring-up in England over such matters meant a great deal, and we could confidently look for such condition to lead to summary action. Alas, however, a great change appears to have come over the spirit of England's dream and On several occasions recently England was tremendously stirred up over the Armenian atrocities-stirred up to a degree that excited great expectations that she would pitch into Abdul Hamid, horse, foot, and gunboat, and bring him to his senses in short order. She even went so far in once instance as to issue an ultimatum, and made several very savage threats against Turkey. But neither the ultimatum nor the threats amounted to anything. All the while the wily Sultan was playing England and the Franco-Russian combina tion against each other, and when the game ended, Russia had trumped the Porte, leaving the British Government in a humiliating position in the public eye, both at home and abroad. Not only would it appear that England was beaten diplomatically in the game, but the consensus of opinion is that she was compelled to come nearer to a square backdown than ever before under similar circumstances. Salisbury, it is true. gave an explanation of why England did not consider herself obligated to resort to summary measures to enforce her demands for the relief of the Armenians; but the general verdict was that his explanation did not satisfactorily ex-However, blood is thicker than water,

and the maltreatment, much less the killing, of one English missionary, would, when we come down to the real sentiment of the matter, prove a decidedly more serious affair in the eyes of the British public than the slaughter of a whele town full of Armenians. If, therefore, the proposed expulsion of the missionaries should result in outrages upon that class, Salisbury would hardly dare pursue further a shilly-shallying policy in dealing with the Sultan. In fact, now. that England has been so greatly strengthened by her understanding with the Dreibund, it is not improbable that a trouble over the missionary issue would be made the occasion by Salisbury for attempting to recoup on the whole Armenian question.

Mr. Carlisle's letter is remarkable for its loop-hole reatures.-Washington Post. Not at all. Every aspirant who has written a letter declining to enter the race for President has in the same let-

A cablegram or telegram informs the public that "work is being pushed on the Panama canal." The news comes from Colon (or Columbus). We had considered that canal as "dead, dead, dead,"

"How much will it take" to show that Chairman Lamb has simply let his party cat out of the bag?

The Chattanooga Times calls the sil-

COUNCIL CANDIDATES

effect of the work that the Democratic League for Good Government is doing is already being felt. Already we see the City Council scanning all appropriation bills with a critical eye. Already more respect is paid to public opinion than we have seen in many years before. Indeed, the careful observer cannot but note that there has been a great change for the better in the municipal atmosphere.

But the work in behalf of good government cannot be fully accomplished until there is a strong infusion of "new blood" into the City Council. Some of the present members of each branch we hope to see re-elected; others we could do with-But to secure a Council in keeping with the demands of the hour, we must have suitable candidates from whom to We ought to be able to command the services of the best Democrats in the community. Men who under different circumstances would not think of becoming candidates owe it to themselves and to our party and to our special cause to enter the race now for the City Council.

The contest is on, and we must have leaders for our hosts; leaders who not only have the confidence of the masses but who will go actively to work and raily their friends at the polls on the day of the primary election. All in vain will be the work that has been done by the newspapers and our public speakers and the league, unless the marses have desirable candidates for the City Council to vote for.

By the day of the primary election, there will, no doubt, be plenty of candidates in the field, but we want to vote for sterling and stirring Democrats who will know how to draw votes at the primary election, and who, when they have been returned to the Board of Aldermen or Common Council will be active and enthusiastic agents in behalf of good | J. T. Cosby, The people are now in a mood to elect the very best men that they can find willing to go to the City Council, and we trust that they will have a list of choice names to choose from-names | Hunter & Sims, of men whose records are unimpeach ble, and to whom no class, high or low, rich or poor, can offer a reasonable ob jection. The movement in behalf of good government has been wonderfully successful so far, and it will end in a victory of which Richmond will be very d. If the men who ought to become candidates will allow their friends to bring out their names. Now is the time J. C. Shafer. for the exhibition of real public spirit; now is the time to show that you are heartily enlisted in the cause of good government for the city of Richmond.

If we understand the arrangement, the lessee of the Exposition-Grounds is to have control of the race-track there while the Confederate reunion is being held in the auditorium. Great care must | H. A. Catlin, be taken that no races or other entertainments on the grounds are appointed session in the auditorium. Moreover, at no time must occasion be given for suspicion that we have invited the veterans here to make money out of them. For this reason, we could have wished that | W. H. Scott, the Exposition society had placed every inch of the grounds under the charge of the veterans' committee during the three days of the reunion. All the appropria tions made by the city, all of the private hospitality that may be extended, and all of the unselfish work of our veterans' committees will be blotted and blemished, if there is in or about the Exposition-Grounds during the reunion any device for making money out of the veterans. If any one offends public sentiment in this respect, we shall be much mistaken if he is not visited with severe condemnation. This is a matter as to

Ren. Harrison is pretty generally spoken of by the Republican papers of the North as the most promising darkhorse likely to be trotted out at the St. Louis convention. And the General is credited with timing his marriage so as to put his name in every one's mouth just at the moment when conventions are being held to elect delegates to the National Republican Convention. This view, however, falls to take into consideration the fact that it was Mrs. Harrison's province to "name the happy day." So, if there was any significance in the appointment of the wedding-day, Mrs. Harrison should be held to account; but we may be sure that Mr. and Mrs. Harrison, both, are "dying" to get back into the White House. He wants to wipe out the sting of his defeat. She wants to be mistress, where she was formerly a guest, if not a dependent.

= I hear that my old Virginia friend, Jus I near that my old you main thems, Jus-tice Rozer A. Pryor, of the Supreme Court, Hymeneal Division, is thinking se-riously of collecting his remarks of the last three years on the subject of mar-riage and divorce and issuing them in the of a volume entitled "Strephon and Chloe; or How to Be Happy, Though Mar-ried-Being a Treatise on Marriage and ried-Being a Treatise on Marriage and Divorce, with Conjugal Advice from the Bench."-Letter in New York Press. This is a joke on Judge Pryor, who has never been able to adopt the loose northern ideas as to divorce.

The initial No. of the Mathews-Middlesex Herald, published at Urbanna, made its bow to the public yesterday morning. Mr. G. F. Palmer is the editor and proprietor. In politics the paper will be Democratic. It is designed to be distinctively the organ of Mathews and Middiesex, and it will labor assiduously in the interests of these two countles, par-

We stated last week that Yost's Weekly had come out for true bimetallism-that is to say, it favors the coinage of silver in unlimited quantities after international agreement shall have been reached.

This the Weekly said, we think, in con menting upon an editorial in the Dispatch. At any rate the bimetallists will not object to that sort of agreement,

"How much will it take" to show that the "Honest-Elections" party is anything but honest in its pretence of extraordinary political morality?

Contributions to the Home.

Contributions to the Home.

The following persons have recently made donations to the Richmond Industrial Home:

Mrs. R. Long. G. Watt Taylor, W. T. Hechler, Richmond Milk Dairy, C. H. Acree, A. Scott, B. Schaaf, J. B. Bowen, J. T. Acree, S. A. Westerman, Thomas Myrtle, Mrs. Tupper, Moesta's bakery, J. A. Duffey, Standard Oil Company, P. D. Ryan, C. W. Antrim, Charles Fromer, Home Beef Company, Briggs's bakery, Nelson's drugstore, Chapman and Johnson, G. A. Bowden, T. G. Cousins, J. Kranitzky, W. Jones, Mrs. Bridget Conners, P. H. Blenner, W. E. Taylor, Charles Messerschmidt, Park-Place Market, New York Bakery, R. R. Padgett, J. Rankin, J. W. Brauer, J. Lichtenstein, A. B. Bryant, Singer's bakery, R. Kastelberg, W. C. Burger, J. S. Brauer, A. Bag'ey, H. C. Heckler, A. Feltig, W. H. Brauer, T. M. Hulcher, Fred. Keck, J. H. Wood, Ed. Schmidt, Mr. King, Mrs. Gravatti. W. White, A.

Schmidt, A. Boulding, Leonard Market, J. Walmyer, E. R. Jones, Jenkins & Walthail, B. H. Elakey, G. W. King, Syphy Lee, William Salzer, Henry D. Wunch, W. A. Lambert, W. S. Jennings, W. J. Minor, W. F. Clarke, Henry Rupp, S. Gordon, W. A. Lambert & Brothers, Ed. Schumaker, Jacob Keck, M. Zander, K. Brauer & Son, Monroe Market, F. R. Fairlamb, Richmond Dispatch, J. Stansberry, Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac railroad, John H. Atkinson, State newspaper, Tiller & Tiller, Lee

and Potomac railroad, John J. Rock, State newspaper, Tiller & Tiller, Lee Tiller, S. B. Scott, W. N. Briggs & Son, T. H. Hewitt, H. C. Jones, J. T. Graham, Mr. Hooper, W. L. Tyler, M. D. Wade, J. H. Wayne, T. H. Wood, O. S. Stroud, S. Taylor, and H. Noble.

MANY NEW MEMBERS CHOSEN: Large Additions to the Rolls of the

Chamber of Commerce. A quarterly meeting of the Richmond

Chamber of Commerce was held yesterday at 6 P. M., President S. H. Hawes occupying the chair. There were no reports of standing committees,

The secretary laid before the m communication from the National Board of Trade, advocating a bill now pending before Congress to create an Executive Department, to be known as the Department of Commerce and Manufactures, and a Secretary of Commerce and Manu-factures, who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, who shall have a sent in the Cabinet. The Chamber having recommended the creation of a similar department on a previous occasion. the secretary was instructed to commi nicate that action to the patron of the

The following new members were Proposed by. S. H. Hawes,

Applicant. C. S. Campbell, Irving E. Campbell, James Lyons, Williams Printing E. Jeter Bosher.

Co., T. C. Williams, Jr., Ro. S. Bosher. Ro. S. Bosher. A. D. Williams, O. Morgenstern, J. M. Fourqurean and W. H. Dunn.

William G. Taylor, Dr. E. P. Wright, S. K. McKee, W. J. Whitehurst. W. J. Whitehurst, Sol. J. Binswanger,

H. E. Hirshberg. B. J. Bear. Geo. M. West,

John G. Walker, Taylor & Taylor

Still's Ticket Agency, Henry S. Hutzler and Henry L. Cabell. Henry S. Hutzler Henry S. Hutzler and Henry L. Capell. W. O. Skelton,

Maurice Salomonsky, Henry S. Hutzler and Henry L. Cabell. W. R. Meredith, Henry S. Hutzler and Henry L. Cabell. Gus E. Delarue,

Henry S. Hutzler, and Henry L. Cabell, Henry S. Hutzler Burk & Co., Anthony & Jordan, Henry S. Hutzler and Henry L. Cabell. William C. Camp, William C. Camp,

Christian & Winfree

H. W. Rountree.

Lessee to Have the Track.

In the report published yesterday of the meeting of the Executive Committee from the Virginia Agricultural and Meed, providing that the Confederate Veterans should have exclusive control of the grounds and buildings and the racetrack. The report should have read that they were to have exclusive use of

Henry S. Hutzler.

and Henry L. Cabell.

and Henry I. Cabell.

the grounds and buildings east of the race-track during their reunion. The veterans do not war, the racetrack, as all entertainments given by them will be of a complimentary na-ture. The lessee of the grounds can give races or any other form of amusement and, as there will be many more people here than could possibly witness an en-tertainment of any kind in the auditorium, it is thought by quite a number of people that it would be an excellent idea to have races or some form of spend an hour or two of their time.

Saved from the Sen.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., April 9.-Axel. Seminoie, which was wrecked several days ago off the east coast of Florida, floated ashore four miles south of Fort Pierce on wreckage, to which he had been clinging 135 hours without food or water. Two companions with him on the raft were washed overboard several days Johnson is badly bruised and very

The One Woman in the World.

"If my wife comes in here, tell her to wait for me, please," said Jones, rush-ing into the big dry-goods store of Smith & Co.

Yes; but how am I to know who your wife is?" asked the surprised clerk.
"Ah, to be sure!" was the reply. "Well,
then, don't say anything to her at all.
Just detain her until I return," and he
rushed out, while the clerk looked longingly at a pile-driver across the street.

Don't Ape the Bee. (Milwaukee Sentinel.)

Don't ape the silly, busy-bee— His rashness can't be beat; He stores up honey, as you see, Which other people eat.

A Guardian Angel. (Pall Mall Gazette.)
When my good-nights and prayers are

And I am warm tucked up in hed. I know my guardian angel stands And holds my head between his hands. I cannot see his gown of light. Because I keep my eyes shut tight; For if I open them I know My pretty angel has to go. But while my eyes are shut I hear His white wings rustling very near;

know it is his darling wings, Not mother folding up my things!

Know Hood's Cured

Because It Made Pure Blood. "I was all run down and could not sleep at night on account of the continuous



I had also stom ach troubles and catarrh. After taking Hood's Sarsaparilla a short time I commenced to im prove, and after using three botusing three bot-tles in all, my complaint en-

tirely left me. I now have an appetite, sleep well and am free from all stomach trouble. I know Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured me, and I cheerfully recommend its use by all woman who are run down and need a building up medicine." Miss ALICE WRAT, W. Bridgewater, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the only True Blood Purifier prominently in the public eye today.

Hood's Pille tasy to buy, easy to take

DOCTOR YOURSELF

SEPARATE CURE FOR EACH DIS-EASE AT ALL DRUGGISTS', MOSTLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

Munyon's Improved Homoeopathic Remdies act almost instantly, speedily curing the most obstinate cases. Rheumatism cured in from one to three days. Dyspep-sia and all stomach troubles quickly re-lieved. Catarrh positively cured. Headache cured in five minutes. Nervous dis-eases promptly cured. Kidney troubles, Piles, Neuralgia, Asthma, and all Fe-male Complaints quickly cured. Munyon's Vitalizer imparts new life and vigor. Personal letters to Professor Munyon, 1505 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., an-swered with free medical advice for any disease.

Should a Tailor Clear \$25 on a Suit?

clears every time he turns out his 345 Suit.

The very beat Cloth and the very best work that can be put into a Suit can be sold for \$25 or \$30 at the most.

E. H. Fergusson and Williamson Talley. E. H. Fergusson and Williamson Talley. Is it a wonder, then, that the E. H. Fergusson and high-priced tailor Henry S. Hutzler and Henry L. Cabell. Henry S. Hutzler is content to jog along with his five and Henry L. Cabell. or six Suits a week?

and Henry L. Cabell. Henry S. Hutzler and Henry L. Cabell. We must fuss, because we must do a a heap of work to make a little money. Our best Suits come at

\$20 and \$25.

The kind that are most popular with

\$15, \$16, and \$18.

Guarantee Tailoring Co., 830 East Main Street.



There is no guess-work in this store. There are no "ifs" and "ands" about a transaction with us. Our proposition is as simple as A, B, C. We propose to sell you safety in the shape of RELIA-BLE FURNITURE. We are going to try and put the prices so low that no one else can go lower, and keep out of the sheriff's hand. That's our proposi-Come and give us a visit,

GILMORE & SPOTTS. FURNITURE. 7 EAST BROAD STREET.

HAS ON SALE ALL OF HIS SLIPPERS AND LOW-CUT LADIES AND CHILDREN'S SHOES AT AND BELOW COST.

Mostly small sizes, but you get a plum if you find your size. All fine goods, but left over from last season. Every Shoe at cost. EXTRA LARGE STOCK OF

TRUNKS AND SATCHELS, sent us by a factory that says they MUST BE SOLD REGARDLESS OF

PRICE.
E. H. SPENCE,
mh 31 Wrong side Broad and Eighth.





Apply at the above address, fe 7-F,Su&Tu3m HEALTH AND PLEASURE RESORTS.

Virginia Hot Springs MOST DELIGHTFUL RESORT IN THE MOUNTAINS.

HOTELS AND CO!TAGES HAVE ALL SPLENDIDLY KEPT: REASONABLE PRICES.

OPEN THE YEAR ROUND. For terms apply to,
Mr. FRED STERRY Manager,
au 16-Fr.SukWts Hot Springs, Va.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING NEAT-

INSURANCE STATEMENT.

[PUBLISHED BY AUTHO SITY OF THE AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS OF THE STATE OF VIRGINIA.]

GLENS FALLS INSURANCE COMPANY,

ANNUAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 8, 1885, OB THE CONDITION AND AFFAIRS OF THE GLENS FALLS INSTRUMENT COMPANY, OF GLENS FALLS, ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, MADE TO THE AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA, IN PURSUANCE OF THE LAWS OF VIRGINIA.

President—J. L. CUNNINGHAM. Vice-President—JEROME LAPHAM. Secretary—R. A. LITTLE. Principal Office—GLENS FALLS. N. T. Organized or Incorporated—MAY, 1859. Commenced Business—MAY, 1859.

II.-ASSETS.

Value of real estate owned by the company dess the amount of incumbrances thereon)
Loans on mortgages (duly recorded and being the first liens on the fee simple) upon which not more than on year's interest is due.
Loans on mortgages (first liens) upon which more than one year's interest is due.

on, 371.55

ACCOUNT OF EONDS OF THE UNITED STATES, AND OF THIS STATE, AND OF OTHER STATES, AND ALSO OF BONDS OF INCORPORATED CITIES IN THIS STATE, AND OF ALL OTHER BONDS AND STOCKS, OWNED ABSOLUTELY BY THE COMPANY, Par Value, Market Value, \$300 000 00 \$240,000 00 100,000 00 112,000 00 50,000 66 56,000 00 53,000 00 67,575 00 68,250 00 bonds
West Shore (guaranteed) railroad first
mortgage bonds
Hudson River Puip and Paper Company
mortgage bonds
Glens Falls Paper-Mill Company mort-50,000 60 50,000 00 50,000 00 300,000 00 200,000 00 \$40,000 60 240,000 00

Glens Falls Faper-and Company
gage bonds
Georgia State bonds
Richmond city bonds
First National Bank Glens Falls stock
Cleveland Trust Company stock
Mt. Kiseo National Bank stock
International Loan and Trust Company
debenture bonds, with first mortgage 150,000 00

150,000 00 150,000 00 Total par and market value carried out \$1,500,655 00 1,500,655 on

ACCOUNT OF STOCKS, BONDS, AND ALL OTHER SECURITIES EXCEPT MORTGAGES HYPOTHECATED TO THE COMPANY AS
COLLATERAL SECURITY FOR CASH ACTUALLY LOANED BY
THE COMPANY, WITH THE PAR AND MARKET VALUE OF
THE SAME, AND THE AMOUNT LOANED ON EACH.

Amount Morris and Essex railroad first mortgage bonds bonds cash in company's principal office
Cash in company's principal office
Cash belonging to company deposited in bank
Interest due and accrued on bonds not included in "market value"
Gross premiums (as written in the policies) in course of collection, not more than three months due
All other property belonging to the company—viz., due from Ohio Farmer
Insurance Company on account \$3,000 \$4,005 \$4,000

III.-LIABILITIES.

Gross claims for adjusted and unpaid losses due and to become due

Gross losses in process of adjustment, or in suspense, including all reported and supposed losses.

Losses resisted, including interest, costs, and other expenses there
11,05 00

Net amount of unpaid losses

Gros: premiums received and receivable upon all unexpired fire risks, running one year or less from date of policy, including interest premiums on perpetual fire risks, \$394.346.87; unearned premiums (50 per cent.)

Gross premiums received and receivable upon all unexpired fire risks, running more than one year from date of policy, \$1.728.222.66; upcarned premiums (pro rata)

699.355.37

Total unearned premiums as computed above (carried out)

Due and accrued for salaries, rent, advertising, and for agency and other
miscellaneous expenses
All other demands against the company absolute and contingent, due
and to become due, admitted and contested—viz., commissions, brokerage, and other charge due and to become due to agents and brokers,
on premiums paid and in course of collection

AGGREGATE AMOUNT OF ALL LIABILITIES, INCLUDING PAID-UP CAPITAL STOCK, AND NET SURPLUS

IV .- RECEIPTS DURING THE YEAR.

AGGREGATE AMOUNT OF RECEIPTS ACTUALLY RECEIVED DURING THE YEAR IN CASH

V .- DISBURSEMENTS DURING THE YEAR.

\$45,047.28 Net amount paid during the year for losses.

Cash dividends actually paid stockholders (amount of stockholders' dividends declared during the year)

Paid for commission or brokerage

Paid for salaries, fees, and all other charges of officers, clerks, agents, all other employees

all other employees
Paid for State and local taxes in this and other States
All other payments and expenditures— viz., travelling, advertising,
stationery, &c. AGGREGATE AMOUNT OF ACTUAL DISBURSEMENTS DURING THE YEAR, IN CASH

VI.-MISCELLANEOUS. BUSINESS IN THE STATE OF VIRGINIA DURING THE YEAR:

Fire risks written Fire Risks. 5718 and on Losses paid Losses incurred 1,133 00

State of New York, county of Warren-ss,: | SEAL. | Sworn to January 23, 1896, before CUTLER DE LONG. JULIUS STRAUS & SON.

922 EAST MAIN STREET,

RICHMOND, VA. mh 20-1aw4t DISSOLUTIONS & PARTNERSHIPS.

Office of

THE FIRM OF J. H. HARVEY & CO as this day dissolved by mutual & CO was this day dissolved by mutual consent, W. A. Mann retiring from the firm. The business will be continued by J. H. Harvey at the same place, and under the same firm name. J. H. Harvey assumes all obligations of the firm, and bills should be presented to him for settlement.

J. H. HARVEY, W. A. MANN.

Mr. Mann remains with Mr. Harvey, and will be pleased to see his friends, as usual.

ap 9-31*

PERSONAL.

Old Dominion Steamship Company,
Richmond, Va., April 7, 1895.

THE PARTNERSHIP FIRM OF
GEORGE W. ALLEN & CO., which held
the agency of this company in Hichmond,
having been dissolved by the death of
Captain George W. Allen, for so many
years the head of the firm, Mr. JOHN F.
MAYER has been appointed attorney for
the company, with full power to superintend and control the business of the
company at this point, until other arrangements have been made.

an 9-3t H. A. BOURNE, President.

Lumber Dealer

AND Building Contractor

Manufacturer of Sash, Blinds, Doors and general Mill Work. **Builders' Supplies**

Main office, yards, and factory:
ST. JAMES AND LEIGH STREETS
Branch yards, with railroad facilities,
LOMBARDY AND LEIGH.
(fe 14-3m)

BOOK AND JOB WORK NEATLY INCHOUSE